Delhi Process IV: South-South and Triangular Cooperation: Theoretical Perspectives and Empirical Realities, 13-14 August 2018

To deliberate on the theoretical premise of the South–South Cooperation and how to carry the process forward, RIS organized an International Conference, namely Delhi Process IV: South-South and Triangular Cooperation: Theoretical Perspectives and Empirical Realities (in collaboration with the Ministry of External Affairs, UN Office for South-South Cooperation (UNOSSC), Network of Southern Think-Tanks and Forum for Indian Development Cooperation), during 13 and 14 August 2018 at New Delhi, India.

The focus of this conference was to strengthen theoretical nuances of South-South Cooperation and expansion of the global understanding of development cooperation – its conceptual framework and relevant empirical validations.
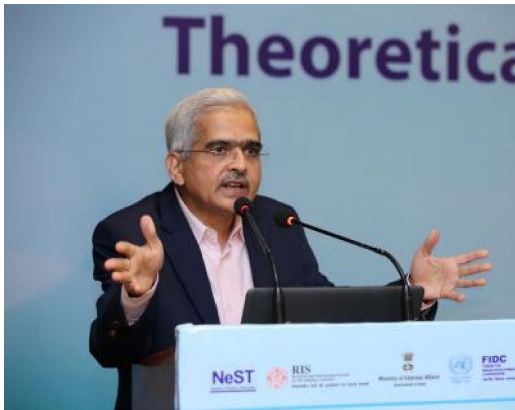
The deliberations opened avenues for a continued dialogue that aimed to seep into the debates at the G20 as well as the Second High-level United Nations Conference on South-South Cooperation to be held at Buenos Aires, Argentina, from 20 to 22 March 2019. The development of the "future of work" in tune with the fourth industrial revolution, agriculture and infrastructure are priority areas for collective Southern development. The Fourth Delhi Process moved towards creating a network of policymakers, civil society and academic to bring various stakeholders towards an effective process of collective action.

Some photographic glimpses from Delhi Process IV:

Inaugural Address by H.E. María Fernanda Espinosa Garcés, President of the 73rd Session of the UN General Assembly.

Shakti Kanta Das, G20 Sherpa, New Delhi

T. S. Tirumurti, Secretary (ER), Ministry of External Affairs, Government of India

Milindo Chakrabarti, RIS and Andre de Mello e Souza, Instituto de Pesquisa Econômica Aplicada (IPEA), Brazil.

Jorge Chediek, Director, UNOSSC and H.E. Daniel Chuburu, Ambassador, Embassy of the Argentina Republic, New Delhi.

Participants at Delhi Process IV